

COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

COM(78) 17 final.

Brussels, 13 February 1978.

Proposal to adopt as the common negotiating
position of the Community for the various administering
bodies of the Mediterranean Agreements the attached proposals for new
Lists A and B to replace those annexed to the Origin Protocols of the various
Mediterranean Agreements

(Algeria, Cyprus, Egypt, Israel, Jordan, the Lebanon, Malta, Morocco, Syria,
Tunisia)

(submitted to the Council by the Commission)

EXPLANATORY NOTE

1. The system of origin rules used by the Community in its preferential trading Agreements is based on the concept of sufficient working or processing. As the general rule this is defined as sufficient working or processing to cause the product to be classified in a different tariff heading than that of each of the imported components used. There are two lists of exceptions, one, List A, is when in addition certain specific rules have to be met and the other, List B, where a change of tariff heading is not obligatory provided that certain conditions are met instead.
 2. The tariff headings used for this system are those of the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature (CCCN) (formerly the Brussels Tariff Nomenclature (BTN)). The CCCN will be considerably modified as from 1.1.1978 and consequently to maintain the present economic effects of the Lists A and B they will have to be modified. The Lists A and B annexed to the draft decision contain the necessary modifications.
 3. Nevertheless at the time the Decisions/Recommendations are made it is proposed that the Joint Committees/Councils of Association adopt a joint declaration covering the possible cases where the modified Lists A and B result in economic consequences prejudicial to the sectors involved. The Joint Committee/Council of Association shall in such cases re-examine urgently the origin rule for the product in question and if necessary change the rule - so as to re-establish the situation existing before 1.1.1978 - following the procedures laid down in the Origin Protocol.
- The declarations shall be valid until 31 December 1979 to give a reasonable period to evaluate any unforeseen results of the Amendments.
4. For reasons of simplification it is proposed to replace the Lists A and B as a whole.
 5. In addition, the CCCN has been modified to provide a simplified method for the tariff classification of sets, which has necessitated the introduction into the Origin Protocol of a new rule on sets designed to maintain the status quo, with the exception of introducing a tolerance rule of 15 % for non-originating articles as a measure of simplification.

6. The countries covered by this grouping of proposals are :
Algeria, Cyprus, Egypt, Israel, Jordan, the Lebanon, Malta, Morocco,
Syria and Tunisia.

As the Origin Protocol in the present Agreement with Spain does not allow for the changes to be made by the Joint Committee the question will have to be resolved separately.

Joint Declaration concerning the review of the changes to Lists A and B
as a result of the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature modifications

Where, as a result of their simplification, the new Lists A and B introduced by Decision No /77 following the amendments made to the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature, change the substance of any rule existing prior to Decision No /77, and it appears that such change results in a situation prejudicial to the interest of the sectors concerned, then, if one of the contracting parties so requests, an examination shall be made as a matter of urgency, before 31 December 1979, and in accordance with the procedure laid down in Article 28 (1) of the origin Protocol, of the need to restore the substance of the rule concerned as it was before Decision No /77.

(1) Article 28 for : Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia.

Article 25 for : Cyprus, Egypt, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Malta and Syria.

Draft

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 177

on the application of EEC-Algeria Joint Committee Decision No 177
amending the Protocol on the definition^{of the concept} of 'originating products' and
methods of administrative co-operation, to the Interim Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of
Algeria

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,
and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal of the Commission,

Whereas the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and
the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria (1), was signed on 26 April 1976
and entered into force on 1 July 1976 ;

Whereas pursuant to Article 28 of the Protocol on the definition of 'originating
products' and methods of administrative co-operation, the EEC-Algeria Joint
Committee has adopted Decision No 177 amending the Protocol as regards
the rules of origin ;

Whereas that Decision should be made operative in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Decision No 177 of the EEC-Algeria Joint Committee annexed to this
Regulation shall be applicable in the Community.

.../...

(1) OJ No L 141/76, p. 2

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1973.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

The President

Draft

JOINT COMMITTEE DECISION No 177

amending the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation to the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria

THE JOINT COMMITTEE,

Interim

Having regard to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, and in particular Title I thereof,

Having regard to the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation concerning the application of Article 21 of the Agreement, and in particular Article 28 thereof,

Whereas it is necessary to replace the Lists A and B contained in Annexes II and III of the Protocol and to introduce a specific rule on sets as the result of the changes made to the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature coming into force on 1 January 1978,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS :

Article 1

Annexes II and III of the Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation are hereby replaced by the texts annexed to this Decision.

Article 2

Sets in the sense of the General Rule 3 of the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature shall be regarded as originating when all component articles are originating products. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating articles, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating provided that the value of the non-originating articles does not exceed 15 % of the total value of the set.

Done at Brussels

For the Joint Committee

The President

Draft

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No

on the application of EEC-Algeria Cooperation Council Decision No
amending the Protocol on the definition of ^{the concept of} 'originating products' and
methods of administrative co-operation, to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of
Algeria

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,
and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal of the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and
the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria (1), was signed on 26 April 1976
and entered into force on

Whereas pursuant to Article 28 of the Protocol on the definition of 'originating
products' and methods of administrative co-operation, the EEC-Algeria Cooperation
Council has adopted Decision No amending the Protocol as regards
the rules of origin ;

Whereas that Decision should be made operative in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Decision No of the EEC-Algeria Cooperation Council annexed to this
Regulation shall be applicable in the Community.

.../...

(1) OJ No L

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day after publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities and be applicable as from

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

The President

Draft

COOPERATION COUNCIL DECISION No

amending the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria

THE COOPERATION COUNCIL,

Interim

Having regard to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the People's Democratic Republic of Algeria, and in particular Title I thereof,

Having regard to the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation concerning the application of Article 21 of the Agreement, and in particular Article 28 thereof,

Whereas it is necessary to replace the Lists A and B contained in Annexes II and III of the Protocol and to introduce a specific rule on sets as the result of the changes made to the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature coming into force on 1 January 1978,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS :

Article 1

Annexes II and III of the Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation are hereby replaced by the texts annexed to this Decision.

Article 2

Sets in the sense of the General Rule 3 of the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature shall be regarded as originating when all component articles are originating products. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating articles, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating provided that the value of the non-originating articles does not exceed 15 % of the total value of the set.

Done at Brussels

For the Cooperation Council

The President

Draft

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 177

on the application of EEC-Cyprus Council of Association Decision No 177 amending the Protocol, on the definition of ^{the concept of} 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation, to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal of the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus (1), was signed on 19 December 1972 and entered into force on 1 June 1973 ;

Whereas an Additional Protocol (2) was signed in Brussels on and entered into force on

Whereas pursuant to Article 25 of the Protocol on the definition of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation annexed to the above Protocol and forming an integral part of the Agreement, the EEC-Cyprus Association Council has adopted Decision No 177 amending the Protocol, as regards the rules of origin ;

Whereas that Decision should be made operative in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Decision No 177 of the EEC-Cyprus Council of Association annexed to this Regulation shall be applicable in the Community.

(1) OJ No L 133/73, p. 2

(2) OJ No L

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

The President

COUNCIL OF ASSOCIATION DECISION No 177

amending the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus

THE COUNCIL OF ASSOCIATION,

Having regard to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Cyprus and in particular Title I thereof,

Having regard to the Protocol, annexed to the Additional Protocol, concerning the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation concerning the application of Article 17 of the Agreement, and in particular Article 25 thereof,

Whereas it is necessary to replace the Lists A and B contained in Annexes II and III of the Protocol and to introduce a specific rule on sets as the result of the changes made to the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature coming into force on 1 January 1978,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS :

Article 1

Annexes II and III of the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative cooperation are hereby replaced by the texts annexed to this Decision.

Article 2

Sets in the sense of the General Rule 3 of the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature shall be regarded as originating when all component articles are originating products. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating articles, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating provided that the value of the non-originating articles does not exceed 15 % of the total value of the set.

Done at Brussels

For the Council of Association
The President

Draft

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 177

on the application of EEC-Egypt Joint Committee Decision No 177
amending the Protocol on the definition of ^{the concept of} 'originating products' and
methods of administrative co-operation, to the Interim Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Arab Republic of Egypt

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,
and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal of the Commission,

Whereas the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and
the Arab Republic of Egypt (1), was signed on 18 January 1977
and entered into force on 1 July 1977 ;

Whereas pursuant to Article 25 of the Protocol on the definition of 'originating
products' and methods of administrative co-operation, the EEC-Egypt Joint
Committee has adopted Decision No 177 amending the Protocol as regards
the rules of origin ;

Whereas that Decision should be made operative in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Decision No 177 of the EEC-Egypt Joint Committee annexed to this
Regulation shall be applicable in the Community.

(1) OJ No L 126/77, p. 2

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

The President

Draft

JOINT COMMITTEE DECISION No 177

amending the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation to the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Arab Republic of Egypt

THE JOINT COMMITTEE,

Interim
having regard to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Arab Republic of Egypt, and in particular Title I thereof,

Having regard to the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation concerning the application of Article 20 of the Agreement, and in particular Article 25 thereof,

whereas it is necessary to replace the Lists A and B contained in Annexes II and III of the Protocol and to introduce a specific rule on sets as the result of the changes made to the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature coming into force on 1 January 1978,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS :

Article 1

Annexes II and III of the Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation are hereby replaced by the texts annexed to this Decision.

Article 2

Sets in the sense of the General Rule 3 of the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature shall be regarded as originating when all component articles are originating products. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating articles, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating provided that the value of the non-originating articles does not exceed 15 % of the total value of the set.

Done at Brussels

For the Joint Committee

The President

Draft

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No

on the application of EEC-Egypt Cooperation Council Decision No
amending the Protocol on the definition of ^{the concept of} 'originating products' and
methods of administrative co-operation, to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Arab Republic of Egypt

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,
and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal of the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and
the Arab Republic of Egypt (1), was signed on 18 January 1977
and entered into force on

Whereas pursuant to Article 25 of the Protocol on the definition of 'originating
products' and methods of administrative co-operation, the EEC-Egypt Cooperation
Council has adopted Decision No amending the Protocol as regards
the rules of origin ;

Whereas that Decision should be made operative in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Decision No of the EEC-Egypt Cooperation Council annexed to this
Regulation shall be applicable in the Community.

.../...

(1) OJ No L

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day after publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities and be applicable as from

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

The President

Draft

COOPERATION COUNCIL DECISION No

amending the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Arab Republic of Egypt

THE COOPERATION COUNCIL,

Cooperation

Having regard to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Arab Republic of Egypt, and in particular Title I thereof,

Having regard to the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation concerning the application of Article 20 of the Agreement, and in particular Article 25 thereof,

Whereas it is necessary to replace the Lists A and B contained in Annexes II and III of the Protocol and to introduce a specific rule on sets as the result of the changes made to the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature coming into force on 1 January 1978,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS :

Article 1

Annexes II and III of the Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation are hereby replaced by the texts annexed to this Decision.

Article 2

Sets in the sense of the General Rule 3 of the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature shall be regarded as originating when all component articles are originating products. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating articles, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating provided that the value of the non-originating articles does not exceed 15 % of the total value of the set.

Done at Brussels

For the Cooperation Council

The President

Draft

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 177

on the application of EEC-Israel Joint Committee Decision No 177
amending the Protocol on the definition of ^{the concept of} 'originating products' and
methods of administrative co-operation, to the Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the State of Israel

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,
and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal of the Commission,

Whereas the Agreement between the European Economic Community and
the State of Israel (1), was signed on 11 May 1975
and entered into force on 1 July 1975 ;

Whereas pursuant to Article 25 of the Protocol on the definition of 'originating
products' and methods of administrative co-operation, the EEC-Israel Joint
Committee has adopted Decision No 177 amending the Protocol as regards
the rules of origin ;

Whereas that Decision should be made operative in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Decision No 177 of the EEC-Israel Joint Committee annexed to this
Regulation shall be applicable in the Community.

.../...

(1) OJ No L 136/75, p. 3

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

The President

Draft

JOINT COMMITTEE DECISION No 177

amending the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel

THE JOINT COMMITTEE,

Having regard to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the State of Israel, and in particular Title I thereof,

Having regard to the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation concerning the application of Article 2 (3) of the Agreement, and in particular Article 25 thereof,

Whereas it is necessary to replace the Lists A and B contained in Annexes II and III of the Protocol and to introduce a specific rule on sets as the result of the changes made to the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature coming into force on 1 January 1978,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS :

Article 1

Annexes II and III of the Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation are hereby replaced by the texts annexed to this Decision.

Article 2

Sets in the sense of the General Rule 3 of the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature shall be regarded as originating when all component articles are originating products. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating articles, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating provided that the value of the non-originating articles does not exceed 15 % of the total value of the set.

Done at Brussels

For the Joint Committee

The President

Draft

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 177

on the application of EEC-Jordan Joint Committee Decision No 177
amending the Protocol on the definition of ^{the concept of} 'originating products' and
methods of administrative co-operation, to the Interim Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community
and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal of the Commission,

Whereas the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and
the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan (1), was signed on 18 January 1977
and entered into force on 1 July 1977 ;

Whereas pursuant to Article 25 of the Protocol on the definition of 'originating
products' and methods of administrative co-operation, the EEC-Jordan Joint
Committee has adopted Decision No 177 amending the Protocol as regards
the rules of origin ;

Whereas that Decision should be made operative in the Community.

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION : .

Article 1

Decision No 177 of the EEC-Jordan Joint Committee annexed to this
Regulation shall be applicable in the Community.

.../...

(1) OJ No L 126/77, p. 167

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

The President

Draft

JOINT COMMITTEE DECISION No 177

amending the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation to the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan

THE JOINT COMMITTEE,

Interim

Having regard to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan and in particular Title I thereof,

Having regard to the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation concerning the application of Article 17 of the Agreement, and in particular Article 25 thereof,

whereas it is necessary to replace the Lists A and B contained in Annexes II and III of the Protocol and to introduce a specific rule on sets as the result of the changes made to the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature coming into force on 1 January 1978,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS :

Article 1

Annexes II and III of the Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation are hereby replaced by the texts annexed to this Decision.

Article 2

Sets in the sense of the General Rule 3 of the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature shall be regarded as originating when all component articles are originating products. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating articles, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating provided that the value of the non-originating articles does not exceed 15 % of the total value of the set.

Done at Brussels

For the Joint Committee

The President

Draft

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No

on the application of EEC-Jordan Cooperation Council Decision No
amending the Protocol on the definition of ^{the concept of} 'originating products' and
methods of administrative co-operation, to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,
and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal of the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and
the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan (1), was signed on 18 January 1977
and entered into force on

Whereas pursuant to Article 25 of the Protocol on the definition of 'originating
products' and methods of administrative co-operation, the EEC-Jordan Cooperation
Council has adopted Decision No amending the Protocol as regards
the rules of origin ;

Whereas that Decision should be made operative in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Decision No of the EEC-Jordan Cooperation Council annexed to this
Regulation shall be applicable in the Community.

.../...

(1) OJ No L

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day after publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities and be applicable as from

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

The President

Draft

COOPERATION COUNCIL DECISION No

amending the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan

THE COOPERATION COUNCIL,

Cooperation

Having regard to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, and in particular Title I thereof,

Having regard to the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation concerning the application of Article 17 of the Agreement, and in particular Article 25 thereof,

Whereas it is necessary to replace the Lists A and B contained in Annexes II and III of the Protocol and to introduce a specific rule on sets as the result of the changes made to the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature coming into force on 1 January 1978,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS :

Article 1

Annexes II and III of the Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation are hereby replaced by the texts annexed to this Decision.

Article 2

Sets in the sense of the General Rule 3 of the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature shall be regarded as originating when all component articles are originating products. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating articles, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating provided that the value of the non-originating articles does not exceed 15 % of the total value of the set.

Done at Brussels

For the Cooperation Council

The President

Draft

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 177

on the application of EEC-Lebanon Joint Committee Decision No 177¹ amending the Protocol on the definition of ^{the concept of} 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation, to the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Lebanese Republic

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal of the Commission,

Whereas the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Lebanese Republic (1), was signed on 3 May 1977 and entered into force on 1 July 1977 ;

Whereas pursuant to Article 25 of the Protocol on the definition of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation, the EEC-Lebanon Joint Committee has adopted Decision No 177 amending the Protocol as regards the rules of origin ;

Whereas that Decision should be made operative in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Decision No 177 of the EEC-Lebanon Joint Committee annexed to this Regulation shall be applicable in the Community.

(1) OJ No L 133/77, p. 2

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

The President

Draft

JOINT COMMITTEE DECISION No 177

amending the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation to the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Lebanese Republic

THE JOINT COMMITTEE,

Interim

having regard to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Lebanese Republic, and in particular Title I thereof,

Having regard to the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation concerning the application of Article 18 of the Agreement, and in particular Article 25 thereof,

Whereas it is necessary to replace the Lists A and B contained in Annexes II and III of the Protocol and to introduce a specific rule on sets as the result of the changes made to the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature coming into force on 1 January 1978,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS :

Article 1

Annexes II and III of the Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation are hereby replaced by the texts annexed to this Decision.

Article 2

Sets in the sense of the General Rule 3 of the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature shall be regarded as originating when all component articles are originating products. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating articles, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating provided that the value of the non-originating articles does not exceed 15 % of the total value of the set.

Done at Brussels

For the Joint Committee

The President

Draft

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No

on the application of EEC-Lebanon Cooperation Council Decision No
amending the Protocol on the definition of ^{the concept of} 'originating products' and
methods of administrative co-operation, to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Lebanese Republic

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,
and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal of the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and
the Lebanese Republic (1), was signed on 3 May 1977
and entered into force on

Whereas pursuant to Article 25 of the Protocol on the definition of 'originating
products' and methods of administrative co-operation, the EEC-Lebanon Cooperation
Council has adopted Decision No amending the Protocol as regards
the rules of origin ;

Whereas that Decision should be made operative in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Decision No of the EEC-Lebanon Cooperation Council annexed to this
Regulation shall be applicable in the Community.

(1) OJ No L

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day after publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities and be applicable as from

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

The President

Draft

COOPERATION COUNCIL DECISION No

amending the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Lebanese Republic

THE COOPERATION COUNCIL,

Cooperation

Having regard to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Lebanese Republic, and in particular Title I thereof,

Having regard to the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation concerning the application of Article 18 of the Agreement, and in particular Article 25 thereof,

whereas it is necessary to replace the Lists A and B contained in Annexes II and III of the Protocol and to introduce a specific rule on sets as the result of the changes made to the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature coming into force on 1 January 1978,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS :

Article 1

Annexes II and III of the Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation are hereby replaced by the texts annexed to this Decision.

Article 2

Sets in the sense of the General Rule 3 of the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature shall be regarded as originating when all component articles are originating products. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating articles, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating provided that the value of the non-originating articles does not exceed 15 % of the total value of the set.

Done at Brussels

For the Cooperation Council

The President

Draft

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 177

on the application of EEC-Malta Council of Association Decision No 177
amending the Protocol on the definition of ^{the concept of} 'originating products' and
methods of administrative co-operation, to the Agreement establishing an
association between the European Economic Community and Malta

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,
and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Whereas an Agreement between the European Economic Community and Malta (1)
was signed on 5 December 1970 and entered into force on 1 April 1971 ;

Whereas a Protocol laying down certain provisions relating to the Agreement
establishing an association between the European Economic Community and
Malta (2) was signed in Brussels on 4 March 1976 and entered into force on
1 June 1976 ;

Whereas under Article 25 of the Protocol concerning the definition of the
concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation,
annexed to the above Protocol and forming an integral part of the Agreement,
the Council of Association has adopted Decision No 177 amending this
Protocol ;

Whereas that Decision should be made operative in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Decision No 177 of the EEC-Malta Council of Association annexed to this
Regulation shall be applicable in the Community.

(1) OJ No L 61/71, p. 1
(2) OJ No L 111/76, p. 3

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

The President

Draft

COUNCIL OF ASSOCIATION DECISION No 177

amending the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and Malta

THE COUNCIL OF ASSOCIATION,

Having regard to the Agreement establishing an association between the European Economic Community and Malta and in particular Title I thereof,

Having regard to the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation concerning the application of Article 7 of the Agreement, and in particular Article 25 thereof,

Whereas it is necessary to replace the Lists A and B contained in Annexes II and III of the Protocol and to introduce a specific rule on sets as the result of the changes made to the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature coming into force on 1 January 1978,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS :

Article 1

Annexes II and III of the Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation are hereby replaced by the texts annexed to this Decision.

Article 2

Sets in the sense of the General Rule 3 of the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature shall be regarded as originating when all component articles are originating products. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating articles, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating provided that the value of the non-originating articles does not exceed 15 % of the total value of the set.

Done at Brussels

For the Council of Association
The President

on the application of EEC-Morocco Joint Committee Decision No 177
amending the Protocol on the definition of ^{the concept of} 'originating products' and
methods of administrative co-operation, to the Interim Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,
and in particular Article 113 thereof,

having regard to the proposal of the Commission,

Whereas the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and
the Kingdom of Morocco (1), was signed on 27 April 1976
and entered into force on 1 July 1976 ;

Whereas pursuant to Article 28 of the Protocol on the definition of 'originating
products' and methods of administrative co-operation, the EEC-Morocco Joint
Committee has adopted Decision No 177 amending the Protocol as regards
the rules of origin ;

Whereas that Decision should be made operative in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Decision No 177 of the EEC-Morocco Joint Committee annexed to this
Regulation shall be applicable in the Community.

(1) OJ No L 141/76, p. 98

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

The President

Draft

JOINT COMMITTEE DECISION No 177

amending the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation to the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco

THE JOINT COMMITTEE,

Interim
Having regard to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco, and in particular Title I thereof,

Having regard to the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation concerning the application of Article 23 of the Agreement, and in particular Article 28 thereof,

Whereas it is necessary to replace the Lists A and B contained in Annexes II and III of the Protocol and to introduce a specific rule on sets as the result of the changes made to the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature coming into force on 1 January 1978,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS :

Article 1

Annexes II and III of the Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation are hereby replaced by the texts annexed to this Decision,

Article 2

Sets in the sense of the General Rule 3 of the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature shall be regarded as originating when all component articles are originating products. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating articles, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating provided that the value of the non-originating articles does not exceed 15 % of the total value of the set.

Done at Brussels

For the Joint Committee :

The President

Draft

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No

on the application of EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council Decision No
amending the Protocol on the definition of ^{the concept of} 'originating products' and
methods of administrative co-operation, to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,
and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal of the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and
the Kingdom of Morocco (1), was signed on 27 April 1976
and entered into force on

Whereas pursuant to Article 28 of the Protocol on the definition of 'originating
products' and methods of administrative co-operation, the EEC-Morocco Cooperation
Council has adopted Decision No amending the Protocol as regards
the rules of origin ;

Whereas that Decision should be made operative in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Decision No of the EEC-Morocco Cooperation Council annexed to this
Regulation shall be applicable in the Community.

.../...

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day after publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities and be applicable as from

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

The President

Draft

COOPERATION COUNCIL DECISION No

amending the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom
of Morocco

THE COOPERATION COUNCIL,

Cooperation

Having regard to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Kingdom of Morocco, and in particular Title I thereof,

Having regard to the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation concerning the application of Article 23 of the Agreement, and in particular Article 28 thereof,

Whereas it is necessary to replace the Lists A and B contained in Annexes II and III of the Protocol and to introduce a specific rule on sets as the result of the changes made to the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature coming into force on 1 January 1978,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS :

Article 1

Annexes II and III of the Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation are hereby replaced by the texts annexed to this Decision.

Article 2

Sets in the sense of the General Rule 3 of the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature shall be regarded as originating when all component articles are originating products. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating articles, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating provided that the value of the non-originating articles does not exceed 15 % of the total value of the set.

Signed at Brussels

For the Cooperation Council

The President

Draft

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 177

on the application of EEC-Syria Joint Committee Decision No 177
amending the Protocol on the definition of ^{the concept of} 'originating products' and
methods of administrative co-operation, to the Interim Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Syrian Arab Republic

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,
and in part

having regard to the proposal of the Commission,

whereas the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and
the Syrian Arab Republic (1), was signed on 18 January 1977
and entered into force on 1 July 1977 ;

whereas pursuant to Article 25 of the Protocol on the definition of 'originating
products' and methods of administrative co-operation, the EEC-Syria Joint
Committee has adopted Decision No 177 amending the Protocol as regards
the rules of origin ;

Whereas that Decision should be made operative in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Decision No 177 of the EEC-Syria Joint Committee annexed to this
Regulation shall be applicable in the Community.

(1) OJ No L 126/77, p. 90

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

The President

Draft

JOINT COMMITTEE DECISION No 177

amending the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation to the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Syrian Arab Republic

THE JOINT COMMITTEE,

Interim

Having regard to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Syrian Arab Republic, and in particular Title I thereof,

Having regard to the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation concerning the application of Article 18 of the Agreement, and in particular Article 25 thereof,

whereas it is necessary to replace the Lists A and B contained in Annexes II and III of the Protocol and to introduce a specific rule on sets as the result of the changes made to the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature coming into force on 1 January 1978,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS :

Article 1

Annexes II and III of the Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation are hereby replaced by the texts annexed to this Decision.

Article 2

Sets in the sense of the General Rule 3 of the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature shall be regarded as originating when all component articles are originating products. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating articles, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating provided that the value of the non-originating articles does not exceed 15 % of the total value of the set.

Done at Brussels

For the Joint Committee

The President

Draft

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No

on the application of EEC-Syria Cooperation Council Decision No
amending the Protocol on the definition of ^{the concept of} 'originating products' and
methods of administrative co-operation, to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Syrian Arab Republic

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,
and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal of the Commission,

whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and
the Syrian Arab Republic (1), was signed on 18 January 1977
and entered into force on

Whereas pursuant to Article 25 of the Protocol on the definition of 'originating
products' and methods of administrative co-operation, the EEC-Syria Cooperation
Council has adopted Decision No amending the Protocol as regards
the rules of origin ;

Whereas that Decision should be made operative in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Decision No of the EEC-Syria Cooperation Council annexed to this
Regulation shall be applicable in the Community.

(1) OJ No L.

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day after publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities and be applicable as from

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

The President

Draft

COOPERATION COUNCIL DECISION No

amending the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Syrian Arab Republic

THE COOPERATION COUNCIL,

Cooperation
Having regard to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Syrian Arab Republic, and in particular Title I thereof,

Having regard to the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation concerning the application of Article 18 of the Agreement, and in particular Article 25 thereof,

Whereas it is necessary to replace the Lists A and B contained in Annexes II and III of the Protocol and to introduce a specific rule on sets as the result of the changes made to the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature coming into force on 1 January 1978,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS :

Article 1

Annexes II and III of the Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation are hereby replaced by the texts annexed to this Decision.

Article 2

As in the sense of the General Rule 3 of the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature shall be regarded as originating when all component articles are originating products. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating articles, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating provided that the value of the non-originating articles does not exceed 15 % of the total value of the set.

Done at Brussels

For the Cooperation Council

The President

Draft

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No 177

on the application of EEC-Tunisia Joint Committee Decision No 177
amending the Protocol on the definition of ^{the concept of} 'originating products' and
methods of administrative co-operation, to the Interim Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,
and in particular Article 113 thereof,

Having regard to the proposal of the Commission,

Whereas the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and
the Republic of Tunisia (1), was signed on 25 April 1976
and entered into force on 1 July 1976 ;

Whereas pursuant to Article 28 of the Protocol on the definition of 'originating
products' and methods of administrative co-operation, the EEC-Tunisia Joint
Committee has adopted Decision No 177 amending the Protocol as regards
the rules of origin ;

Whereas that Decision should be made operative in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Decision No 177 of the EEC-Tunisia Joint Committee annexed to this
Regulation shall be applicable in the Community.

(1) OJ No L 141/76, p. 195

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on 1 January 1978.

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

The President

JOINT COMMITTEE DECISION No 177

amending the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation to the Interim Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia

THE JOINT COMMITTEE,

Interim
having regard to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia, and in particular Title I thereof,

Having regard to the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation concerning the application of Article 22 of the Agreement, and in particular Article 28 thereof,

Whereas it is necessary to replace the Lists A and B contained in Annexes II and III of the Protocol and to introduce a specific rule on sets as the result of the changes made to the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature coming into force on 1 January 1978,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS

Article 1

Annexes II and III of the Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation are hereby replaced by the texts annexed to this Decision.

Article 2

Sets in the sense of the General Rule 3 of the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature shall be regarded as originating when all component articles are originating products. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating articles, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating provided that the value of the non-originating articles does not exceed 15 % of the total value of the set.

Done at Brussels

For the Joint Committee

The President

Draft

COUNCIL REGULATION (EEC) No

on the application of EEC-Tunisia Cooperation Council Decision No
amending the Protocol on the definition of ^{the concept of} 'originating products' and
methods of administrative co-operation, to the Cooperation Agreement between
the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community,
and in particular Article 113 thereof,

having regard to the proposal of the Commission,

Whereas the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and
the Republic of Tunisia (1), was signed on 25 April 1976
and entered into force on

Whereas pursuant to Article 28 of the Protocol on the definition of 'originating
products' and methods of administrative co-operation, the EEC-Tunisia Cooperation
Council has adopted Decision No amending the Protocol as regards
the rules of origin ;

Whereas that Decision should be made operative in the Community,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION :

Article 1

Decision No of the EEC-Tunisia Cooperation Council annexed to this
Regulation shall be applicable in the Community.

.../...

(1) OJ No. L

Article 2

This Regulation shall enter into force on the third day after publication in the Official Journal of the European Communities and be applicable as from

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in all Member States.

Done at Brussels,

For the Council

The President

Draft

COOPERATION COUNCIL DECISION No

amending the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation to the Cooperation Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia

THE COOPERATION COUNCIL,

Cooperation

Having regard to the Agreement between the European Economic Community and the Republic of Tunisia, and in particular Title I thereof,

Having regard to the Protocol on the definition of the concept of 'originating products' and methods of administrative co-operation concerning the application of Article 22 of the Agreement, and in particular Article 28 thereof,

Whereas it is necessary to replace the Lists A and B contained in Annexes II and III of the Protocol and to introduce a specific rule on sets as the result of the changes made to the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature coming into force on 1 January 1978,

HAS DECIDED AS FOLLOWS :

Article 1

Annexes II and III of the Protocol on the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation are hereby replaced by the texts annexed to this Decision.

Article 2

Sets in the sense of the General Rule 3 of the Customs Co-operation Council Nomenclature shall be regarded as originating when all component articles are originating products. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating articles, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating provided that the value of the non-originating articles does not exceed 15 % of the total value of the set.

Done at Brussels

For the Cooperation Council

The President

NOTE TO LISTS A AND B

The attached Lists A and B apply to each Decision, except that in the case of MALTA heading No 58.09 on page 20, should be read as follows :

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
<u>ex</u> 58.09	Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), figured ; <u>mechanically</u> made lace, in the piece, in strips or in motifs		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or from chemical products or textile pulp

LIST A

List of working or processing operations which result
in a change of tariff heading
without conferring the status of
"originating" products
on the products undergoing such operations, or
conferring this status only subject to certain conditions

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
02.06	Meat and edible meat offals (except poultry liver), salted, in brine, dried or smoked	Salting, placing in brine, drying or smoking of meat and edible meat and edible meat offals of heading Nos 02.01 and 02.04	
03.02	Fish, dried, salted or in brine; smoked fish, whether or not cooked before or during the smoking process	Drying, salting, placing in brine; smoking of fish, whether cooked or not	
04.02	Milk and cream, preserved, concentrated or sweetened	Preserving, concentrating, or adding sugar to milk or cream of heading No 04.01	
04.03	Butter	Manufacture from milk or cream	
04.04	Cheese and curd	Manufacture from products of products of heading Nos 04.01, 04.02 and 04.03	
07.02	Vegetables (whether or not not cooked), preserved by freezing	Freezing of vegetables	
07.03	Vegetables provisionally preserved in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions, but not specially prepared for immediate consumption	Placing in brine or in other solutions of vegetables of heading No 07.01	
07.04	Dried, dehydrated or evaporated vegetables, whole cut, sliced, broken or in powder, but not further prepared	Drying, dehydration, evaporation, cutting, grinding, powdering of vegetables of heading Nos 07.01 to 07.03	
08.10	Fruit (whether or not cooked), preserved by freezing, not containing added sugar	Freezing of fruit	
08.11	Fruit provisionally preserved (for example, by sulphur dioxide gas, in brine, in sulphur water or in other preservative solutions), but unsuitable in that state for immediate consumption	Placing in brine or in other solutions of fruit of heading Nos 08.01 to 08.09	

.../...

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
08.12	Fruit, dried, other than that falling within heading No 08.01, 08.02, 08.03, 08.04 or 08.05	Drying of fruit	
11.01	Cereal flours	Manufacture from cereals	
11.02	Cereal groats and cereal meal; other worked cereal grains (for example, rolled flaked, polished, pearled or kibbled, but not further prepared), except rice falling within heading No 10.06; germ of cereals, whole, rolled, flaked or ground	Manufacture from cereals	
11.04	Flour of the dried leguminous vegetables falling within heading No 07.05 or of the fruits falling within any heading in Chapter 8; flour and meal of sago and of roots and tubers falling within heading No 07.06	Manufacture from dried leguminous vegetables of heading No 07.05, products of heading No 07.06 or of fruit of Chapter 8	
11.05	Flour, meal and flakes of potato	Manufacture from potatoes	
11.07	Malt, roasted or not	Manufacture from cereals	
11.08	Starches; inulin	Manufacture from cereals of Chapter 10, or from potatoes or other products of Chapter 7	
11.09	Wheat gluten, whether or not dried	Manufacture from wheat or wheat flours	
15.01	Lard, other pig fat and poultry fat, rendered or solvent-extracted	Manufacture from products of heading No 02.05	
15.02	Fats of bovine cattle, sheep or goats, unrendered, rendered or solvent-extracted fats (including "premier jus") obtained from those unrendered fats	Manufacture from products of heading Nos 02.01 and 02.06	
15.04	Fats and oils, of fish and marine mammals, whether or not refined	Manufacture from fish or marine mammals	

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
15.06	Other animal oils and fats (including neat's-foot oil and fats from bones or waste)	Manufacture from products of Chapter 2	
ex 15.07	Fixed vegetable oils, fluid or solid, crude, refined or purified, but not including Chinawood oil, myrtle-wax, Japan wax or oil of tung nuts, oleococca seeds or oiticia seeds; also not including oils of a kind used in machinery or mechanical appliances or for industrial purposes other than the manufacture of edible products	Manufacture from products of Chapters 7 and 12	
16.01	Sausages and the like, of meat, meat offal or animal blood	Manufacture from products of Chapter 2	
16.02	Other prepared or preserved meat or meat offal	Manufacture from products of Chapter 2	
16.04	Prepared or preserved fish, including caviar and caviar substitutes	Manufacture from products of Chapter 3	
16.05	Crustaceans and molluscs, prepared or preserved	Manufacture from products of Chapter 3	
ex 17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, in solid form, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from other products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
ex 17.02	Other sugars, in solid form, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from other products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
ex 17.02	Other sugars, in solid form, not flavoured or coloured; sugar syrups, not flavoured or coloured; artificial honey, whether or not mixed with natural honey; caramel	Manufacture from any product	

.../...

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
ex 17.03	Molasses, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from other products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
17.04	Sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa	Manufacture from other products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
18.06	Chocolate and other food preparations containing cocoa	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 the value of which exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
ex 19.02	Malt extract	Manufacture from products of heading No 11.07	
ex 19.02	Preparations of flour, meal, starch or malt extract, of a kind used as infant food or for dietetic or culinary purposes, containing less than 50% by weight of cocoa	Manufacture from cereals and derivatives thereof, meat and milk, or in which the value of products of Chapter 17 used exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
19.03	Macaroni, spaghetti and similar products		Manufacture from durum wheat
19.04	Tapioca and sago; tapioca and sago substitutes obtained from potato or other starches	Manufacture from potato starch	
19.05	Prepared foods obtained by the swelling or roasting of cereals or cereal products (puffed rice, corn flakes and similar products)	Manufacture from any product other than of Chapter 17 (1) or in which the value of the products of Chapter 17 used exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
19.07	Bread, ships' biscuits and other ordinary bakers' wares, not containing added sugar, honey, eggs, fats, cheese or fruit; communion wafers, cachets of a kind suitable for pharmaceutical use, sealing wafers, rice paper and similar products	Manufacture from products of Chapter 11	
19.08	Pastry, biscuits, cakes and other fine bakers' wares, whether or not containing cocoa in any proportion	Manufacture from products of Chapter 11	

(1) This rule does not apply where the use of maize of the "zea indurata" type or "durum wheat" is concerned.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
20.01	Vegetables and fruit, prepared or preserved by vinegar or acetic acid, with or without sugar, whether or not containing salt, spices or mustard	Preserving vegetables, fresh or frozen or preserved temporarily or preserved in vinegar	<p>Manufacture, without added sugar or spirit, in which the value of the constituent "originating products" of heading Nos 08.01, 08.05 and 12.01, represents at least 60% of the value of the finished product</p>
20.02	Vegetables prepared or preserved otherwise than by vinegar or acetic acid	Preserving vegetables fresh or frozen	
20.03	Fruit preserved by freezing, containing added sugar	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
20.04	Fruit, fruit-peel and parts of plants, preserved by sugar (drained, glace or crystallised)	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
ex 20.05	Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit purées and fruit pastes, being cooked preparations, containing added sugar	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
20.06	Fruit otherwise prepared or preserved, whether or not containing added sugar or spirit:		
	A. Nuts		
	B. Other fruits	Manufactured from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
ex 20.07	Fruit juices (including grape must), whether or not containing added sugar, but unfermented and not containing spirit	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
ex 21.02	Roasted chicory and extracts thereof	Manufacture from chicory roots, fresh or dried	

.../...

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
21.05	Soups and broths in liquid, solid or powder form; homogenised food preparations	Manufacture from products of heading No 20.02	
ex 21.07	Sugar syrups, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from products of Chapter 17 of which the value exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
22.02	Lemonade, flavoured spa waters and flavoured aerated waters, and other non-alcoholic beverages, not including fruit and vegetable juices falling within heading No 20.07	Manufacture from fruit juices ⁽¹⁾ or in which the value of products of Chapter 17 used exceeds 30% of the value of the finished product	
22.06	Vermouths, and other wines of fresh grapes flavoured with aromatic extracts	Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	
22.08	Ethyl alcohol or neutral spirits, undenatured, of a strength of 50° or higher; denatured spirits (including ethyl alcohol and neutral spirits) of any strength	Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	
22.09	Spirits (other than those of heading No 22.08); liqueurs and other spirituous beverages; compound alcoholic preparations (known as "concentrated extracts" for the manufacture of beverages	Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	
22.10	Vinegar and substitutes for vinegar	Manufacture from products of heading No 08.04, 20.07, 22.04 or 22.05	
ex 23.03	Residues from the manufacture of maize starch (excluding concentrated steeping liquors), of a protein content, calculated on the dry product, exceeding 40% by weight	Manufacture from maize or maize flour	
23.04	Oil-cake and other residues (except dregs) resulting from the extraction of vegetable oils	Manufacture from various products	

⁽¹⁾ This rule does not apply where fruit juices of pineapple, lime and grapefruit are concerned.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
23.07	Sweetened forage; other preparations of a kind used in animal feeding	Manufacture from cereals and derived products, meat, milk, sugar and molasses	
ex 24.02	Cigarettes, cigars, smoking tobacco		Manufacture from products of heading No 24.01 of which at least 70% by quantity are "originating products"

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
ex 28.38	Aluminium sulphate		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
30.03	Medicaments (including veterinary medicaments)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
31.05	Other fertilisers; goods of the present Chapter in tablets, lozenges and similar prepared forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding 10 kg		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
32.06	Colour lakes	Manufacture from materials of heading No 32.04 or 32.05 ⁽¹⁾	
32.07	Other colouring matter; inorganic products of a kind used as luminophores	Mixing of oxides or salts of Chapter 28 with extenders such as barium sulphate, chalk barium carbonate and satin white ⁽¹⁾	
ex 33.06	Aqueous distillates and aqueous solutions of essential oils, including such products suitable for medicinal uses	Manufacture from essential oils (terpeneless or not), concretes, absolutes or resinoids ⁽¹⁾	
35.05	Dextrins and dextrin glues; soluble or roasted starches; starch glues		Manufacture from maize or potatoes
ex 35.07	Preparations used for clarifying beer, composed of papain and bentonite; enzymatic preparations for desizing textiles		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
37.01	Photographic plates and film in the flat, sensitised, unexposed, of any material other than paper, paperboard or cloth	Manufacture from products of heading No 37.02 ⁽¹⁾	
37.02	Film in rolls, sensitised, unexposed, perforated or not	Manufacture from products of heading No 37.01 ⁽¹⁾	

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
37.04	Sensitised plates and film, exposed but not developed, negative or positive	Manufacture from products of heading No 37.01 or 37.02 ⁽¹⁾	
38.11	Disinfectants, insecticides, fungicides, rat poisons, herbicides, anti-sprouting products, plant growth regulators and similar products, put up in forms or packings for sale by retail or as preparations or as articles (for example, sulphur-treated bands, wicks and candles, fly-papers)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
38.12	Prepared glazings, prepared dressings and prepared mordants, of a kind used in the textile, paper, leather or like industries		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
38.13	Pickling preparations for metal surfaces; fluxes and other auxiliary preparations for soldering, brazing or welding; soldering, brazing or welding powders and pastes consisting of metal and other materials; preparations of a kind used as cores or coatings for welding rods and electrodes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 38.14	Anti-knock preparations, oxidation inhibitors, gum inhibitors, viscosity improvers, anti-corrosive preparations and similar prepared additives for mineral oils, excluding prepared additives for lubricants		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
38.15	Prepared rubber accelerators		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
38.17	Preparations and charges for fire-extinguishers; charged fire-extinguishing grenades		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
38.18	Composite solvents and thinners for varnishes and similar products		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 38.19	Chemical products and preparations of the chemical or allied industries (including those consisting of mixtures of natural products), not elsewhere specified or included; residual products of the chemical or allied industries, not elsewhere specified or included, excluding: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Fusel oil and dippel's oil; - Naphthenic acids and their water-insoluble salts; esters of naphthenic acids; - Sulphonaphthenic acids and their water-insoluble salts; esters of sulphonaphthenic acids; - Petroleum sulphonates, excluding petroleum sulphonates of alkali metals, of ammonium or of ethanolamines, thiophenated sulphonic acids of oils obtained from bituminous minerals, and their salts; - Mixed alkylbenzenes and mixed alkyl-naphthalene - Ion exchangers; - Catalysts; - Getters for vacuum tubes; - Refractory cements or mortars and similar compositions; - Alkaline iron oxide for the purification of gas; - Carbon (excluding that in artificial graphite of heading No 38.01) in metal-graphite or other compounds, in the form of small plates, bars or other semi-manufactures - Sorbitol other than that of heading No 29.04 - Ammoniacal gas liquors and spent oxide produced in coal gas purification 		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 39.02	Polymerisation products		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
ex 39.07	Articles of materials of the kinds described in headings Nos 39.01 to 39.06 with the exception of fans and hand screens, non-mechanical, frames and handles therefor and parts of such frames and handles, and corset busks and similar supports for articles of apparel or clothing accessories		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
40.05	Plates, sheets and strip, of unvulcanised natural or synthetic rubber, other than smoked sheets and crepe sheets of heading No 40.01 or 40.02; granules of unvulcanised natural or synthetic rubber compounded ready for vulcanisation; unvulcanised natural or synthetic rubber, compounded before or after coagulation either with carbon black (with or without the addition of mineral oil) or with silica (with or without the addition of mineral oil), in any form, of a kind known as masterbatch		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
41.08	Patent leather and imitation patent leather; metallised leather		Varnishing or metallising of leather of heading Nos 41.02 to 41.07 (other than skin leather of crossed Indian sheep and Indian goat or kid, not further prepared than vegetable tanned, or if otherwise prepared obviously unsuitable for immediate use in the manufacture of leather articles) in which the value of the skin leather used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
43.03	Articles of furskin	Making up from furskin in plates, crosses and similar forms (heading No ex 43.02) ⁽¹⁾	
ex 44.21	Complete wooden packing cases, boxes, crates, drums and similar packings, excepting those made of fibreboard		Manufacture from boards not cut to size
ex 44.28	Match splints; wooden pegs or pins for footwear	Manufacture from drawn wood	
ex 45.03	Articles of natural cork		Manufacture from products of heading No 45.01

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List 2.

Products obtained:		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
ex 48.07	Paper and paperboard, ruled, lined, or squared, but not otherwise printed, in rolls or sheets		Manufacture from paper pulp
48.14	Writing blocks, envelopes, letter cards, plain postcards, correspondence cards, boxes, pouches, wallets and writing compendiums, of paper or paperboard, containing only an assortment of paper stationery		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
48.15	Other paper and paperboard, cut to size or shape		Manufacture from paper pulp
ex 48.16	Boxes, bags and other packing containers, of paper or paperboard		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
49.09	Picture postcards, Christmas and other picture greeting cards, printed by any process, with or without trimmings	Manufacture from products of heading No 49.11	
49.10	Calendars of any kind, of paper or paperboard, including calendar blocks	Manufacture from products of heading No 49.11	
50.04 (1)	Silk yarn, other than yarn of noil or other waste silk, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products other than those of heading No 50.04
50.05 (1)	Yarn spun from noil or other waste silk, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading No 50.03
ex 50.07 (1)	Silk yarn and yarn spun from noil or other waste silk, put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03
ex 50.07 (1)	Imitation catgut of silk		Manufacture from products of heading No 50.01 or of heading No 50.03 neither carded or combed

(1) For yarn composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which yarns of the other textile materials of which the mixed yarn is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
50.09 (2)	Woven fabrics of silk, of noil or of other waste silk		Manufacture from products of heading No 50.02 or 50.03
51.01 (1)	Yarn of man-made fibres (continuous), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
51.02 (1)	Monofil, strip (artificial straw and the like) and imitation catgut, of man-made fibre materials		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
51.03 (1)	Yarn of man-made fibres (continuous), put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
51.04 (2)	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (continuous), including woven fabrics of monofil or strip of heading No 51.01 or 51.02		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
52.01 (1)	Metallised yarn, being textile yarn spun with metal or covered with metal by any process		Manufacture from chemical products, from textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste, neither carded or combed
52.02 (2)	Woven fabrics of metal thread or of metallised yarn, of a kind used in articles of apparel, as furnishing fabrics or the like		Manufacture from chemical products, from textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste

(1) For yarn composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in the list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which yarns of the other textile materials of which the mixed yarn is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated.

(2) For fabrics composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which fabric of the other textile materials of which the mixed fabric is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

- to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within headings Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;
- to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
53.06 (1)	Yarn of carded sheep's or lambs' wool (woollen yarn), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading No 53.01 or 53.03
53.07 (1)	Yarn of combed sheep's or lambs' wool (worsted yarn), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from products of heading No 53.01 or 53.03
53.08 (1)	Yarn of fine animal hair (carded or combed), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from raw fine animal hair of heading No 53.02
53.09 (1)	Yarn of horsehair or of other coarse animal hair, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from raw coarse animal hair of heading No 53.02 or from raw horsehair of heading No 05.03
53.10 (1)	Yarn of sheep's or lambs' wool of horsehair or of other animal hair (fine or coarse), put up for retail sale		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 05.03 and 53.01 to 53.04
53.11 (2)	Woven fabrics of sheep's or lambs' wool or of fine animal hair		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 53.01 to 53.05
53.12 (2)	Woven fabrics of horsehair or of other coarse animal hair		Manufacture from products of heading Nos 53.02 to 53.05 or from horsehair of heading No 05.03
54.03 (1)	Flax or ramie yarn, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture either from products of heading No 54.01 or from products of heading No 54.02
54.04 (1)	Flax or ramie yarn, put up for retail sale		Manufacture from materials of heading No 54.01 or 54.02
54.05 (2)	Woven fabrics of flax or of ramie		Manufacture from materials of heading No 54.01 or 54.02

- ¹⁾ For yarn composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in the list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which yarns of the other textile materials of which the mixed yarn is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated.
- ²⁾ For fabrics composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which fabric of the other textile materials of which the mixed fabric is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:
- to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within headings Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;
 - to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
55.05 (1)	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01 or 55.03
55.06 (1)	Cotton yarn, put up for retail sale		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01 or 55.03
55.07 (2)	Cotton gauze		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01, 55.03 or 55.04
55.08 (2)	Terry towelling and similar terry fabrics, of cotton		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01, 55.03 or 55.04
55.09 (2)	Other woven fabrics of cotton		Manufacture from materials of heading No 55.01, 55.03 or 55.04
56.01	Man-made fibres (discontinuous), not carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.02	Continuous filament tow for the manufacture of man-made fibres (discontinuous)		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.03	Waste (including yarn waste and pulled or garnetted rags) of man-made fibres (continuous or discontinuous), not carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.04	Man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), carded, combed or otherwise prepared for spinning		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp

(1) For yarn composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in the list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which yarns of the other textile materials of which the mixed yarn is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated.

(2) For fabrics composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which fabric of the other textile materials of which the mixed fabric is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

- to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within headings Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;
- to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
56.05 (1)	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), not put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.06 (1)	Yarn of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste), put up for retail sale		Manufacture from chemical products or textile pulp
56.07 (2)	Woven fabrics of man-made fibres (discontinuous or waste)		Manufacture from products of heading No 56.01 to 56.03
57.06 (1)	Yarn of jute or of other textile bast fibres of heading No 57.03		Manufacture from raw jute, jute tow or from other raw textile bast fibres of heading No 57.03
ex 57.10 (1)	Yarn of true hemp		Manufacture from true hemp, raw
ex 57.07 (1)	Yarn of other vegetable textile fibres, excluding yarn of true hemp		Manufacture from raw vegetable textile fibres of heading No 57.02 to 57.04
ex 57.07	Paper yarn		Manufacture from products of Chapter 47, from chemical products, textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste, neither carded nor combed
57.10 (2)	Woven fabrics of jute or of other textile bast fabrics of heading No 57.03		Manufacture from raw jute, jute tow or from other raw textile bast fibres of heading No 57.03

(1) For yarn composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in the list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which yarns of the other textile materials of which the mixed yarn is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated.

(2) For fabrics composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which fabric of the other textile materials of which the mixed fabric is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

- to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimpei, falling within headings Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;
- to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
ex 57.11 (²)	Woven fabrics of other vegetable textile fibres		Manufacture from materials of heading No 57.01, 57.02, 57.04 or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
ex 57.11	Woven fabrics of paper yarn		Manufacture from paper, from chemical products, textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste
58.01 (¹)	Carpets, carpeting and rugs knotted (made up or not)		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 51.01, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04
58.02 (¹)	Other carpets, carpeting, rugs, mats and matting, and "Kelim", "Schumacks" and "Karnanie" rugs and the like (made up or not)		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 51.01, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04 or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
58.04 (¹)	Woven pile fabrics and chenille fabrics (other than terry towelling or similar terry fabrics of cotton falling within heading No 55.08 and fabrics falling within heading No 58.05)		Manufacture from materials of heading Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03, 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp

(¹) For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in column 4 must be met in respect of each of the textile materials of which the mixed product is composed. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

- to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within headings Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;
- to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

(²) For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in this list must also be met in respect of each of the headings under which fabric of the other textile materials of which the mixed product is composed would be classified. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

- to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within headings Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;
- to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
58.05 (1)	Narrow woven fabrics, and narrow fabrics (bolduc) consisting of warp without weft assembled by means of an adhesive, other than goods falling within heading No 58.06		Manufacture from materials of headings No 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.06 (1)	Woven labels, badges and the like, not embroidered, in the piece, in strips or cut to shape or size		Manufacture from materials of headings No 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.07 (1)	Chenille yarn (including flock chenille yarn), gimped yarn (other than metallised yarn of heading No 52.01 and gimped horsehair yarn); braids and ornamental trimmings in the piece; tassels, pompoms and the like		Manufacture from materials of headings No 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.08 (1)	Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), plain		Manufacture from materials of headings No 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.09 (1)	Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabric), figured; hand or mechanically made lace, in the piece, in strips or in motifs		Manufacture from materials of headings No 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or from chemical products or textile pulp
58.10	Embroidery, in the piece, in strips or in motifs		Manufacture in which the value of the product used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
58.11 (1)	Wadding and articles of wadding; textile flock and dust and mill neps		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp

(1) For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in column 4 must be met in respect of each of the textile materials of which the mixed product is composed. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased:

- to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within headings Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;
- to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met:
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
ex 59.02 (1)	Felt and articles of felt, with the exception of needled felt, whether or not impregnated or coated		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp
ex 59.02 (1)	Needled felt, whether or not impregnated or coated		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp or from fibre or continuous polypropylene filament of which the denomination of the filaments is less than 8 denier and of which the value does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
59.03 (1)	Bonded fibre fabrics, similar bonded yarn fabrics, and articles of such fabrics, whether or not impregnated or coated		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp
59.04 (1)	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables, plaited or not		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
59.05 (1)	Nets and netting made of twine, cordage or rope, and made up fishing nets of yarn, twine, cordage or rope		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
59.06 (1)	Other articles made from yarn, twine, cordage, rope or cables, other than textile fabrics and articles made from such fabrics		Manufacture either from natural fibres or from chemical products or textile pulp or from coir yarn of heading No 57.07
59.07	Textile fabrics coated with with gum or amylaceous substances, of a kind used for the outer covers of books and the like; tracing cloth; prepared painting canvas; buckram and similar fabrics for hat foundations and similar uses		Manufacture from yarn

(1) For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in column 4 must be met in respect of each of the textile materials of which the mixed product is composed. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased;

- to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments or polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within headings Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;
- to 10% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
59.08	Textile fabrics impregnated, coated, covered or laminated with preparations of cellulose derivatives or of other artificial plastic materials		Manufacture from yarn
59.10 (1)	Linoleum and materials prepared on a textile base in a similar manner to linoleum, whether or not cut to shape or of a kind used as floor coverings; floor coverings consisting of a coating applied on a textile base, cut to shape or not		Manufacture either from yarn or from textile fibres
ex 59.11	Rubberised textile fabrics, other than rubberised knitted or crocheted goods, with the exception of those consisting of fabric of continuous synthetic textile fibres, or of fabric composed of parallel yarns of continuous synthetic textile fibres, impregnated or covered with rubber latex, containing at least 90% by weight of textile materials and used for the manufacture of tyres or for other technical uses		Manufacture from yarn
ex 59.11	Rubberised textile fabrics, other than rubberised knitted or crocheted goods, consisting of fabric of continuous synthetic textile fibres or of fabric composed of parallel yarns of continuous synthetic textile fibres, impregnated or covered with rubber latex, containing at least 90% by weight of textile materials and used for the manufacture of tyres or for other technical uses		Manufacture from chemical products
59.12	Textile fabrics otherwise impregnated or coated; painted canvas being theatrical scenery, studio back-cloths or the like		Manufacture from yarn
59.13 (1)	Elastic fabrics and trimmings (other than knitted or crocheted goods) consisting of textile materials combined with rubber threads		Manufacture from single yarn

(1) For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in column 4 must be met in respect of each of the textile materials of which the mixed product is composed. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased;

- to 20% where the material in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within headings Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;
- to 30% where the material in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
59.15 (1)	Textile hose-piping and similar tubing, with or without lining, armour or accessories of other materials		Manufacture from materials of headings Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp
59.16 (1)	Transmission, conveyor or elevator belts or belting, of textile material, whether or not strengthened with metal or other material		Manufacture from materials of headings Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp
59.17 (1)	Textile fabrics and textile articles, of a kind commonly used in machinery or plant		Manufacture from materials of headings Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp
ex Chapter 60 (2)	Knitted and crocheted goods, excluding knitted or crocheted goods obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from natural fibres, carded or combed, from materials of headings Nos 50.01 to 50.03, 53.01 to 53.05, 54.01, 55.01 to 55.04, 56.01 to 56.03 or 57.01 to 57.04 or from chemical products or textile pulp
ex 60.02	Gloves, mittens and mitts, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberised, obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn (2)
ex 60.03	Stockings, understockings, socks, ankle-socks, sockettes and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberised, obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn (2)

(1) For products composed of two or more textile materials, the conditions shown in column 4 must be met in respect of each of the textile materials of which the mixed product is composed. This rule, however, does not apply to any one or more mixed textile materials whose weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of textile materials incorporated. This percentage shall be increased;

- to 20% where the product in question is yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether, whether or not gimped, falling within headings Nos ex 51.01 and ex 58.07;
- to 30% where the product in question is yarn of a width not exceeding 5 mm formed of a core consisting either of a thin strip of aluminium or of a film of artificial plastic material whether or not covered with aluminium powder, this core having been inserted and glued by means of a transparent or coloured glue between two films of artificial plastic material.

(2) Trimmings and accessories used (excluding linings and interlinings) which change tariff heading do not remove the originating status of the product obtained if their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
ex 60.04	Under garments, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberised, obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾
ex 60.05	Outer garments and other articles, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberised, obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾
ex 60.06	Other articles, knitted or crocheted, elastic or rubberised (including elastic knee-caps and elastic stockings), obtained by sewing or by the assembly of pieces of knitted or crocheted goods (cut or obtained directly to shape)		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾
ex 61.01	Mens' and boys' outer garments, excluding fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminised polyester		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ (²)
ex 61.01	Fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminised polyester		Manufacture from uncoated cloth of which the value does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾ (²)
ex 61.02	Womens', girls' and infants' outer garments, not embroidered, excluding fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminised polyester		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ (²)

⁽¹⁾ Trimmings and accessories (excluding linings and interlining) which change tariff heading do not remove the originating status of the product obtained if their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

⁽²⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from printed fabric in accordance with the conditions shown in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
ex 61.02	Fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminised polyester		Manufacture from uncoated cloth of which the value does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.02	Womens', girls' and infants' outer garments, embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
61.03	Mens' and boys' under garments, including collars, shirt fronts and cuffs		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
61.04	Womens', girls' and infants' under garments		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.05	Handkerchiefs, not embroidered		Manufacture from unbleached single yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾ ⁽³⁾
ex 61.05	Handkerchiefs, embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
ex 61.06	Shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like, not embroidered		Manufacture from unbleached single yarn of natural textile fibres or discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste or from chemical products or textile pulp ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 61.06	Shawls, scarves, mufflers, mantillas, veils and the like, embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Trimmings and accessories used (excluding linings and interlining) which change tariff heading do not remove the originating status of the product obtained if their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of the textile materials incorporated.

⁽²⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from printed fabric in accordance with the conditions shown in List B.

⁽³⁾ For products obtained from two or more textile materials, this rule does not apply to one or more of the mixed textile materials if its or their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
61.07	Ties, bow ties and cravats		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ (²)
61.09	Corsets, corset-belts, suspender-belts, brassières, braces, suspenders, garters and the like (including such articles of knitted or crocheted fabric), whether or not elastic		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ (²)
ex 61.10	Gloves, mittens, mitts, stockings, socks and sockettes, not being knitted or crocheted goods excluding fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminised polyester		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ (²)
ex 61.10	Fire resistant equipment of cloth covered by foil of aluminised polyester		Manufacture from uncoated cloth of which the value does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾ (²)
ex 61.11	Made up accessories for articles of apparel (for example, dress shields, shoulder and other pads, belts, muffs, sleeve protectors, pockets) with the exception of collars, tuckers, fallals, bodice-fronts, jabots, cuffs, flounces, yokes and similar accessories and trimmings for women's and girls' garments, embroidered		Manufacture from yarn ⁽¹⁾ (²)
ex 61.11	Collars, tuckers, fallals, bodice-fronts, jabots, cuffs, flounces, yokes and similar accessories and trimmings for women's and girls' garments, embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
62.01	Travelling rugs and blankets		Manufacture from unbleached yarn of Chapters 50 to 56 ⁽¹⁾ (²)
ex 62.02	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles; not embroidered		Manufacture from unbleached single yarn ⁽²⁾ (³)
ex 62.02	Bed linen, table linen, toilet linen and kitchen linen; curtains and other furnishing articles; embroidered		Manufacture from fabrics, not embroidered, the value of which does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ Trimmings and accessories used (excluding lining and interlining) which change tariff heading do not remove the originating status of the product obtained if their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

⁽²⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from printed fabric in accordance with the conditions shown in List B.

⁽³⁾ For products obtained from two or more textile materials, this rule does not apply to one or more of the mixed textile materials if its or their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
62.03	Sacks and bags, of a kind used for the packing of goods		Manufacture from chemical products, textile pulp or from natural textile fibres, discontinuous man-made fibres or their waste ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
62.04	Tarpaulins, sails, awnings, sun-blinds, tents and camping goods		Manufacture from single unbleached yarn ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
ex 62.05	Other made up textile articles (including dress patterns) excluding fans and hand-screens, non mechanical, frames and handles therefor and parts of such frames and handles		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
64.01	Footwear with outer soles and uppers of rubber or artificial plastic material	Manufacture from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles, of any material except metal	
64.02	Footwear with outer soles of leather or composition leather footwear (other than footwear falling within heading No 64.01) with outer soles of rubber or artificial plastic material	Manufacture from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles, of any material except metal	
64.03	Footwear with outer soles of wood or of cork	Manufacture from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles, of any material except metal	
64.04	Footwear with outer soles of other materials	Manufacture from assemblies of uppers affixed to inner soles or to other sole components, but without outer soles, of any material except metal	

⁽¹⁾ For products obtained from two or more textile materials, this rule does not apply to one or more of the mixed textile materials if its or their weight does not exceed 10% of the total weight of all the textile materials incorporated.

⁽²⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from printed fabric in accordance with the conditions shown in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
65.03	Felt hats and other felt headgear, being headgear made from the felt hoods and plateaux falling within heading No 65.01, whether or not lined or trimmed		Manufacture from textile fibres
65.05	Hats and other headgear (including hair nets), knitted or crocheted, or made up from lace, felt or other textile fabric in the piece (but not from strips), whether or not lined or trimmed		Manufacture either from yarn or from textile fibres
66.01	Umbrellas and sunshades (including walking-stick umbrellas, umbrella tents, and garden and similar umbrellas)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 70.07	Cast, rolled, drawn or blown glass (including flashed or wired glass) cut to shape other than rectangular shape, or bent or otherwise worked (for example, edge worked or engraved) whether or not surface ground or polished; multiple-walled insulating glass	Manufacture from drawn, cast or rolled glass of headings Nos 70.04 to 70.06	
70.08	Safety glass consisting of toughened or laminate glass, shaped or not	Manufacture from drawn, cast or rolled glass of headings Nos 70.04 to 70.06	
70.09	Glass mirrors (including rear-view mirrors), unframed, framed or backed	Manufacture from drawn, cast or rolled glass of headings Nos 70.04 to 70.06	
71.15	Articles consisting of, or incorporating, pearls, precious or semi-precious stones (natural, synthetic or reconstructed)		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product(*)
73.07	Blooms, billets, slabs and sheet bars (including tinplate bars), of iron or steel; pieces roughly shaped by forging, of iron or steel	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.06	
73.08	Iron or steel coils for re-rolling	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.07	

(*) These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
73.09	Universal plates of iron or steel	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.07 or 73.08	
73.10	Bars and rods (including wire rod), of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished (including precision-made); hollow mining drill steel	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.07	
73.11	Angles, shapes and sections, of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged, extruded, cold-formed or cold-finished; sheet piling of iron or steel, whether or not drilled, punched or made from assembled elements	Manufacture from products of headings Nos 73.07 to 73.10, 73.12 or 73.13	
73.12	Hoop and strip, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled	Manufacture from products of headings Nos 73.07 to 73.09 or 73.13	
73.13	Sheets and plates, of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled	Manufacture from products of headings Nos 73.07 to 73.09	
73.14	Iron or steel wire, whether or not coated, but not insulated	Manufacture from products of heading No 73.10	
73.16	Railway and tramway track construction material of iron or steel, the following: rails, check-rails, switch blades, crossings (or frogs), crossing pieces, point rods, rack rails, sleepers, fish-plates, chairs, chair wedges, sole plates (base plates), rail clips, bed-plates, ties and other materials specialised for joining or fixing rails		Manufacture from products of heading No 73.06
73.18	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of iron (other than of cast iron) or steel, excluding high-pressure hydro-electric conduits		Manufacture from products of headings Nos 73.06 and 73.07 or heading No 73.15 in the forms specified in headings Nos 73.06 and 73.07
74.03	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of copper; copper wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product (*)

(*) These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff heading No	Description		
74.04	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.05	Copper foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness (excluding any backing) not exceeding 0.15 mm		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.06	Copper powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.07	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of copper; hollow bars of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.08	Tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.10	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of copper wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.11	Gauze, cloth, grill, netting, fencing, reinforcing fabric and similar materials (including endless bands), of copper wire; expanded metal, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product ⁽¹⁾
74.15	Nails, tacks, staples, hook-nails, spiked cramps, studs, spikes and drawing pins, of copper, or of iron or steel with heads of copper; bolts and nuts (including bolt ends and screw studs), whether or not threaded or tapped, and screws (including screw hooks and screw rings), of copper; rivets, cotters, cotter-pins, washers and spring washers, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished products ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
74.16	Spring, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product (*)
74.17	Cooking and heating apparatus of a kind used for domestic purposes, not electrically operated, and parts thereof, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product (*)
74.18	Other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic purposes, sanitary ware for indoor use, and parts of such articles and ware, of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product (*)
74.19	Other articles of copper		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product (*)
75.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of nickel; nickel wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product (*)
75.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of nickel; nickel foil; nickel powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product (*)
75.04	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of nickel; alloy bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of nickel		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product (*)
75.05	Electro-plating anodes, of nickel, wrought or unwrought, including those produced by electrolysis		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product (*)

(*) These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs tariff heading No	Description		
75.06	Other articles of nickel		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product (*)
76.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of aluminium; aluminium wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.04	Aluminium foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness (excluding any backing) not exceeding 0.20 mm		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.05	Aluminium powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.06	Tubes and pipes and blanks thereof, of aluminium; hollow bars of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.07	Tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.08	Structures and parts of structures (for example, hangars and other buildings, bridges and bridge-sections, towers, lattice masts, roofs, roofing frameworks, door and window frames, balustrades, pillars and columns), of aluminium; plates, rods, angles, shapes, sections, tubes and the like, prepared for use in structures, of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product

(*) These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
76.09	Reservoirs, tanks, vats and similar containers, for any material (other than compressed or liquefied gas), of aluminium of a capacity exceeding 300 litres, whether or not lined or heat-insulated, but not fitted with mechanical or thermal equipment		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.10	Casks, drums, cans, boxes and similar containers (including rigid and collapsible tubular containers), of aluminium, of a description commonly used for the conveyance or packing of goods		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.11	Containers, of aluminium, for compressed or liquefied gas		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.12	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of aluminium wire, but excluding insulated electric wires and cables		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.15	Articles of a kind commonly used for domestic purposes, sanitary ware for indoor use, and parts of such articles and ware, of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
76.16	Other articles of aluminium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
77.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of magnesium; magnesium wire; wrought plates, sheets and strip, of magnesium; magnesium foil; raspings and shavings of uniform size, powders and flakes, of magnesium; tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of magnesium; hollow bars of magnesium; other articles of magnesium		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
78.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of lead; lead wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product (*)

(*) These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
78.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of lead		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product (*)
78.04	Lead foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a weight (excluding any backing) not exceeding 1700 kg/m ² ; lead powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product (*)
78.05	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of lead; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets, flanges and S-bends), of lead		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product (*)
78.06	Other articles of lead		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product (*)
79.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of zinc; zinc wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
79.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of zinc; zinc foil; zinc powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
79.04	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of zinc; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of zinc		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
79.06	Other articles of zinc		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product

(*) These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
80.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, of tin; tin wire		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
80.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strip, of tin		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
80.04	Tin foil (whether or not embossed, cut to shape, perforated, coated, printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a weight (excluding any backing) not exceeding 1 kg/m ² ; tin powders and flakes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
80.05	Tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, of tin; hollow bars, and tube and pipe fittings (for example, joints, elbows, sockets and flanges), of tin		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
82.05	Interchangeable tools for hand tools, for machine tools or for power-operated hand tools (for example, for pressing, stamping, drilling, tapping, threading, boring, broaching, milling, cutting, turning, dressing, morticing or screw-driving), including dies for wire drawing, extrusion dies for metal, and rock drilling bits		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product (*)
82.06	Knives and cutting blades, for machines or for mechanical appliances		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product (*)
ex Chapter 84	Boilers, machinery and mechanical appliances and parts thereof, excluding refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other) (No 84.15) and sewing machines, including furniture specially designed for sewing machines (ex No 84.41)		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product

(*) These provisions do not apply where the products are obtained from products which have acquired the status of originating products in accordance with the conditions laid down in List B.

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Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of "originating products"	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs tariff heading No	Description		
84.15	Refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electrical and other)		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts (*) used are originating products
ex 84.41	sewing machines, including furniture specially designed for sewing machines		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the finished product, and provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - at least 50% in value of the materials and parts (*) used for the assembly of the head (motor excluded) are originating products, and - the thread tension, crochet and zigzag mechanisms are originating products
ex Chapter 85	Electrical machinery and equipment; parts thereof; excluding products of heading No 85.14 or 85.15		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating material and parts used do not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product

(1) In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, or the price which would be paid in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
 - the value of imported products,
 - the value of products of undetermined origin.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
85.14	Microphones and stands therefor; loudspeakers; audio-frequency electric amplifiers		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products, and - the value of the non-originating transistors used does not exceed 3% of the value of the finished product ⁽²⁾
85.15	Radiotelegraphic and radio-telephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products, and - the value of the non-originating transistors used does not exceed 3% of the value of the finished product ⁽²⁾
Chapter 86	Railway and tramway locomotives, rolling-stock and parts thereof; railway and tramway track fixtures and fittings; traffic signalling equipment of all kinds (not electrically powered)		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
ex Chapter 87	Vehicles, other than railway or tramway rolling-stock, and parts thereof, excluding products of heading No 87.09		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, or the price which would be paid in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- in respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
 - the value of imported products,
 - the value of products of undetermined origin.

⁽²⁾ This percentage is not cumulative with the 40%.

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
87.09	Motor-cycles, auto-cycles and cycles fitted with an auxiliary motor, with or without side-cars; side-cars of all kinds		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
ex Chapter 90	Optical, photographic, cinematographic, measuring, checking, precision, medical and surgical instruments and apparatus and parts thereof, excluding products of heading No 90.05, 90.08, 90.12 or 90.26 as well as photographic cameras, photographic flash-light apparatus and flash bulbs other than electrically ignited photographic flash-bulbs and discharge lamps of heading No 85.20 (ex 90.07)		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
90.05	Refracting telescopes (monocular and binocular), prismatic or not		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
ex 90.07	Photographic cameras, photographic flashlight apparatus and flashbulbs other than electrically ignited photographic flashbulbs and discharge lamps of heading No 85.20		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, or the price which would be paid in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
 - the value of imported products,
 - the value of products of undetermined origin.

.../...

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
90.08	Cinematographic cameras, projectors, sound recorders and sound reproducers but not including re-recorders or film editing apparatus; any combination of these articles		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
90.12	Compound optical microscopes, whether or not provided with means for photographing or projecting the image		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
90.26	Gas, liquid and electricity supply or production meters; calibrating meters therefor		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts ⁽¹⁾ used are originating products
ex Chapter 91	Clocks and watches and parts thereof, excluding products of heading No 91.04 or 91.08		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product

⁽¹⁾ In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, or the price which would be paid in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
 - the value of imported products,
 - the value of products of undetermined origin.

.../...

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs tariff heading No	Description		
91.04	Other clocks		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts (*) used are originating products
91.08	Clock movements, assembled		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts (*) used are originating products
ex Chapter 92	Musical instruments, sound recorders or reproducers, television image and sound recorders or reproducers; parts and accessories of such articles, excluding products of heading No 92.11		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
92.11	Gramophones, dictating machines and other sound recorders or reproducers, including record-player and tape decks, with or without sound-heads; television image and sound recorders or reproducers		Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - at least 50% in value of the materials and parts (*) used are originating products, and - the value of the non-originating transistors used does not exceed 3% of the value of the finished product (*)

(1) In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:

- (a) in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, or the price which would be paid in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
- (b) in respect of other products, materials and parts the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
 - the value of imported products,
 - the value of products of undetermined origin.

(2) This percentage is not cumulative with the 40%.

.../...

Products obtained		Working or processing that does not confer the status of originating products	Working or processing that confers the status of originating products when the following conditions are met
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description		
Chapter 93	Arms and ammunition; parts thereof		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 96.01	Other brooms and brushes (including brushes of a kind used as parts of machines); paint rollers; squeegees (other than roller squeegees) and mops		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
97.03	Other toys; working models of a kind used for recreational purposes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
98.01	Buttons and button moulds, studs, cuff-links, and press-fasteners, including snap-fasteners and press-studs, blanks and parts of such articles		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
98.08	Typewriter and similar ribbons whether or not on spools; ink-pads, with or without boxes		Manufacture in which the value of the products used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product

ANNEX II

LIST B

List of working or processing operations which do not result
in a change of tariff heading,
but which do confer the status of
"originating" products
on the products undergoing such operations

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description	
		Incorporation of non-originating materials and parts in boilers, machinery, mechanical appliances, etc., of Chapter 84 to 92 in boilers and rail-trolleys of heading No 71.17 and in the products contained in headings No 97.07 and No 98.03 does not make such products lose their status of originating products, provided that the value of these products does not exceed 5% of the value of the finished product
13.02	Shellac, seed lac, stick lac and other lacs; natural gums, resins, gum-resins and balsams	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 15.10	Fatty alcohols	Manufacture from fatty acids
ex 17.01	Beet sugar and cane sugar, in solid form, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from beet sugar and cane sugar in solid form without flavouring or colouring of which the value does not exceed 10% of the value of the finished product
ex 17.02	Lactose, glucose, maple or other sugars, in solid form, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from other sugars in solid form without flavouring or colouring of which the value does not exceed 30% of the value of the finished product
ex 17.03	Molasses, flavoured or coloured	Manufacture from products without flavouring or colouring of which the value does not exceed 30% of the value of the finished product
ex 21.03	Prepared mustard	Manufacture from mustard flour
ex 22.09	Whisky of an alcoholic strength of less than 50°	Manufacture from alcohol deriving exclusively from the distillation of cereals and in which the value of the non-originating constituent products does not exceed 15% of the value of the finished product

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Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description	
ex 25.15	Marble squared by sawing, of a thickness not exceeding 25 cm	Sawing into slabs or sections, polishing, grinding and cleaning of marble, including marble not further worked than roughly split, roughly squared or squared by sawing, of a thickness exceeding 25 cm
ex 25.16	Granite, porphyry, basalt, sandstone and other monumental and building stone, squared by sawing, of a thickness not exceeding 25 cm	Sawing of granite, porphyry, basalt, sandstone and other building stone, including such stone not further worked than roughly split, roughly squared or squared by sawing, of a thickness exceeding 25 cm
ex 25.18	Calcined dolomite; agglomerated dolomite (including tarred dolomite)	Calcination of unworked dolomite
ex 25.19	Other magnesium oxide, whether or not chemically pure	Manufacture from natural magnesium carbonate (magnesite)
ex 25.32	Earth colours, calcined or powdered	Crushing and calcination or powdering of earth colours
ex Chap. 28 to 37	Products of the chemical and allied industries, excluding sulphuric anhydride (ex 28.13), tannins (ex 32.01), essential oils, resinoids and terpenic by-products (ex 33.01), preparations used for tenderising meat, preparations used for clarifying beer and preparations for the desizing of textiles (ex 35.07)	Working or processing in which the value of the non-originating products used does not exceed 20% of the value of the finished product
ex 28.13	Sulphuric anhydride	Manufacture from sulphur dioxide
ex 31.03	Calcined, crushed and powdered natural aluminium calcium phosphates, treated thermically	Crushing and powdering of calcined natural aluminium calcium phosphates, treated thermically
ex 32.01	Tannins (tannic acids), including water-extracted gall-nut tannin, and their salts, ethers, esters and other derivatives	Manufacture from tanning extracts of vegetable origin
ex 33.01	Essential oils (terpeneless or not), concretes and absolutes; resinoids; terpenic by-products of the deterpenation of essential oils	Manufacture from concentrates of essential oils in fats, in fixed oils, or in waxes or the like, obtained by cold absorption or by maceration
ex 35.07	Preparations used for tenderising meat, preparations used for clarifying beer, composed of papain and bentonite, enzymatic preparations for the desizing of textiles	Manufacture from enzymes or prepared enzymes of which the value does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product

.../...

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description	
ex Chap. 38	Miscellaneous chemical products, other than refined tall oil (ex 38.05), spirits of sulphate turpentine, purified (ex 38.07) and wood pitch (wood tar pitch) (ex 38.09)	Working or processing in which the value of the non-originating materials used does not exceed 20% of the value of the finished product
ex 38.05	Refined tall oil	Refining of crude tall oil
ex 38.07	Sulphate turpentine, purified	Purification consisting of the distillation or refining of raw sulphate turpentine
ex 38.09	Wood pitch (wood tar pitch)	Distillation of wood tar
ex Chap. 39	Artificial plastic materials, cellulose ethers and esters, artificial resins and articles made of these materials, excepting films of ionomers (ex 39.02)	Working or processing in which the value of the non-originating materials used does not exceed 20% of the value of the finished product
ex 39.02	Ionomer film	Manufacture from a thermoplastic partial salt which is a copolymer of ethylene and metacrylic acid partly neutralized with metal ions, mainly zinc and sodium
ex 40.01	Slabs of crepe rubber for soles	Lamination of crepe sheets of natural rubber
ex 40.07	Vulcanised rubber thread and cord, textile covered	Manufacture from vulcanised rubber thread or cord, not textile covered
ex 41.01	Sheep- and lamb-skins without the wool	Removing wool from sheep- and lamb-skins in the wool
ex 41.02	Retanned bovine cattle leather (including buffalo leather) and equine leather prepared but not parchment-dressed except leather falling within heading No 41.06 and 41.08	Retanning of bovine cattle leather (including buffalo leather) and equine leather, not further prepared than tanned
ex 41.03	Retanned sheep and lamb skin leather, prepared but not parchment-dressed, except leather falling within heading No 41.06 and 41.08	Retanning of sheep and lamb skin leather, not further prepared than tanned
ex 41.04	Retanned goat and kid skin leather, prepared but not parchment-dressed, except leather falling within heading No 41.06 and 41.08	Retanning of goat and kid skin leather, not further prepared than tanned
ex 41.05	Other kinds of retanned leather, prepared but not parchment-dressed, except leather falling within heading No 41.06 and 41.08	Retanning of other kinds of leather, not further prepared than tanned
ex 43.02	Assembled furskins	Bleaching, dyeing, dressing, cutting and assembling of tanned or dressed furskins
ex 44.22	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs, buckets and other coopers' products and parts thereof	Manufacture from riven staves of wood, not further prepared than sawn on one principal surface; sawn staves of wood, of which at least one principal surface has been cylindrically sawn, not further prepared than sawn

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description	
ex 50.03	Silk waste carded or combed	Carding or combing waste silk
ex 50.09	Printed fabrics	Printing accompanied by finishing operations (bleaching, dressing, drying, steaming, burling, mending, impregnating, sanforizing, mercerizing) of fabrics the value of which does not exceed 47.5% of the value of the finished product
ex 51.04		
ex 53.11		
ex 53.12		
ex 54.05		
ex 55.07		
ex 55.08		
ex 55.09		
ex 56.07		
ex 59.14	Incandescent gas mantles	Manufacture from tubular gasmantle fabric
ex 67.01	Feather dusters	Manufacture from feathers, parts of feathers or down
ex 68.03	Articles of slate, including articles of agglomerated slate	Manufacture of articles of slate
ex 68.04	Hand polishing stones, whetstones, oilstones, bones and the like, of natural stone, of agglomerated natural or artificial abrasives, or of pottery	Cutting, adjusting and gluing of abrasive materials, which, owing to their shape, are not recognisable as being intended for hand use
ex 68.13	Articles of asbestos; articles of mixtures with a basis of asbestos or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos and magnesium carbonate	Manufacture of articles of asbestos or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos, or of mixtures with a basis of asbestos and magnesium carbonate
ex 68.15	Articles of mica, including bonded mica splittings on a support of paper or fabric	Manufacture of articles of mica
ex 70.10	Cut-glass bottles	Cutting of bottles the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
70.13	Glassware (other than articles falling in heading No 70.19) of a kind commonly used for table, kitchen, toilet or office purposes, for indoor decoration, or similar uses	Cutting of glassware the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product or decoration, with the exception of silk-screen printing, carried out entirely by hand, of hand-blown glassware the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 70.20	Articles made from glass fibre	Manufacture from unworked glass fibre
ex 71.02	Precious and semi-precious stones, cut or otherwise worked, but not mounted, set or strung (except ungraded stones temporarily strung for convenience of transport)	Manufacture from unworked precious and semi-precious stones
ex 71.03	Synthetic or reconstructed precious or semi- precious stones, cut or otherwise worked, but not mounted, set or strung (except ungraded stones temporarily strung for convenience of transport)	Manufacture from unworked synthetic or reconstructed precious or semi-precious stones

.../...

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description	
ex 71.05	Silver and silver alloys, including silver gilt and platinum-plated silver, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought silver and silver alloys
ex 71.05	Silver, including silver gilt and platinum-plated silver, unwrought	Alloying or electrolytic separation of unwrought silver and silver alloys
ex 71.06	Rolled silver, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought rolled silver
ex 71.07	Gold, including platinum-plated gold, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought gold, including platinum-plated gold
ex 71.07	Gold, including platinum-plated gold, unwrought	Alloying or electrolytic separation of unwrought gold or gold alloys
ex 71.08	Rolled gold on base metal or silver, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought rolled gold on base metal or silver
ex 71.09	Platinum and other metals of the platinum group, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought platinum or other metals of the platinum group
ex 71.09	Platinum and other metals of the platinum group, unwrought	Alloying or electrolytic separation of unwrought platinum or other metals of the platinum group
ex 71.10	Rolled platinum or other platinum group metals, on base metal or precious metal, semi-manufactured	Rolling, drawing, beating or grinding of unwrought rolled platinum or other unwrought platinum group metals, on base metal or precious metal
ex 73.15	Alloy steel and high carbon steel:	
	- in the forms mentioned in heading Nos 73.07 to 73.13	Manufacture from products in the forms mentioned in heading No 73.06
	- in the forms mentioned in heading No 73.14	Manufacture from products in the forms mentioned in heading No 73.06 or 73.07
ex 74.01	Unrefined copper (blister copper and other)	Smelting of copper matte
ex 74.01	Refined copper	Fire-refining or electrolytic refining of unrefined copper (blister copper and other) copper waste or scrap
ex 74.01	Copper alloy	Fusion and thermal treatment of refined copper, copper waste or scrap
ex 75.01	Unwrought nickel (excluding electro-plating anodes of heading No 75.05)	Refining by electrolysis, by fusion or chemically, of nickel mattes, nickel speiss and other intermediate products of nickel metallurgy

.../...

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description	
ex 75.01	Unwrought nickel except nickel alloys	Refining of waste by electrolysis, by melting or by chemical means of waste and scrap
ex 76.01	Unwrought aluminium	Manufacture by thermal or electrolytic treatment of unalloyed aluminium, waste and scrap
76.16	Other articles of aluminium	Manufacture in which gauze, cloth, grill, netting, fencing, reinforcing fabric and similar materials (including endless bands) of aluminium wire, or expanded metal of aluminium, are used the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
77.02	Other articles of magnesium	Manufacture from wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections, plates, sheets and strip, wire, foil, raspings and shavings of uniform size, powders and flakes, tubes and pipes and blanks therefor, hollow cars, of magnesium, the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 77.04	Beryllium wrought	Rolling, drawing or grinding of unwrought beryllium the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 78.01	Refined lead	Manufacture by thermal refining from bullion lead
ex 81.01	Tungsten, wrought	Manufacture from unwrought tungsten the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 81.02	Molybdenum, wrought	Manufacture from unwrought molybdenum the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 81.03	Tantalum, wrought	Manufacture from unwrought tantalum the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 81.04	Other base metals, wrought	Manufacture from other base metals, unwrought, the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 82.09	Knives with cutting blades, serrated or not (including pruning knives) other than knives falling within heading No 82.06	Manufacture from knife blades
ex 83.06	Indoor ornaments made from base metals other than statuettes	Working or processing in which the value of the non-originating materials used does not exceed 30% of the value of the finished product
ex 84.05	Steam engines (including mobile engines, but not steam tractors falling within heading No 87.01 or mechanically propelled road rollers) with self-contained boilers	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the products used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product
84.06	Internal combustion piston engines	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product

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Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description	
ex 84.08 8	Engines and motors, excluding reaction engines and gas turbines	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that at least 50% in value of the materials and parts (*) used are originating products
84.16	Calendering and similar rolling machines (other than metal-working and metal-rolling machines and glass-working machines) and cylinders therefor	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product
ex 84.17	Machinery, plant and similar laboratory equipment, whether or not electrically heated, for the treatment of materials by a process involving a change of temperature, for wood, paper pulp, paper and paperboard manufacturing industries	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product
84.31	Machinery for making or finishing cellulosic pulp, paper or paperboard	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product
84.33	Paper or paperboard cutting machines of all kinds; other machinery for making up paper pulp, paper or paperboard	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product
ex 84.41	Sewing machines, including furniture specially designed for sewing machines	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product, and provided that <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - at least 50% in value of the materials and parts (*) used for assembly of the head (motor excluded) are originating products - and the thread tension, crochet and zigzag mechanisms are originating products

- (*) In determining the value of products, materials and parts, the following must be taken into account:
- in respect of originating products, materials and parts, the first verifiable price paid, or the price which would be paid in case of sale, for the said products on the territory of the country where working, processing or assembly is carried out;
 - in respect of other products, materials and parts, the provisions of Article 4 of this Protocol determining:
 - the value of imported products,
 - the value of products of undetermined origin.

.../...

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description	
85.14	Microphones and stands therefor; loudspeakers; audio frequency electric amplifiers	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product and provided that at least 50% of the materials and parts used are originating products ⁽¹⁾
85.15	Radiotelegraphic and radiotelephonic transmission and reception apparatus; radio-broadcasting and television transmission and reception apparatus (including receivers incorporating sound recorders or reproducers) and television cameras; radio navigational aid apparatus, radar apparatus and radio remote control apparatus	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the non-originating materials and parts used does not exceed 40% of the value of the finished product and provided that at least 50% of the materials and parts used are originating products ⁽¹⁾
87.06	Parts and accessories of the motor vehicles falling within heading No 87.01, 87.02 or 87.03	Working, processing or assembly in which the value of the materials and parts used does not exceed 15% of the value of the finished product
ex 94.01	Chairs and other seats (other than those falling within heading No 94.02) whether or not convertible into beds, made of base metals	Working, processing or assembly in which unstuffed cotton cloth is used of a weight of 300gr/m ² or less in the form ready to use, of which the value does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product ⁽²⁾
ex 94.03	Other furniture of base metal	Working, processing or assembly in which unstuffed cotton cloth is used of a weight of 300gr/m ² or less in the form ready to use, of which the value does not exceed 25% of the value of the finished product ⁽²⁾
ex 95.05	Articles in tortoise shell, mother of pearl, ivory, bone, horn, coral (natural or agglomerated) and other animal carving material	Manufacture from tortoise shell, mother of pearl, ivory, bone, horn, coral (natural or agglomerated) and other animal carving material; worked

⁽¹⁾ The application of this rule must not have the effect of allowing the exceeding of the percentage of 3% for the originating transistors laid down in List A for the same tariff heading.

⁽²⁾ This rule does not apply when the general rule of change of tariff heading is applied to the other non-originating parts which are part of the composition of the final product.

.../...

Finished products		Working or processing that confers the status of originating products
Customs Tariff Heading No	Description	
ex 95.08	Articles in vegetable carving material (for example corozo), meerschaum and amber, natural or reconstituted, jet (and mineral substitutes for jet)	Manufacture from vegetable carving material (for example corozo), meerschaum and amber, natural or reconstituted, jet (and mineral substitutes for jet); worked
ex 96.01	Brushes and brooms	Manufacture using prepared knots and tufts for broom or brush making the value of which does not exceed 50% of the value of the finished product
ex 98.11	Smoking pipes, pipe bowls, of wood, root or other materials	Manufacture from roughly shaped blocks

